

**Bactericidal activity of Gama Health
Care Ltd. Clinell biocide determined
using the European Standard Test
method BS EN 1276:1997 against:
Vibrio cholerae NCTC 11348**



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Tests Carried Out By:

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Microbiological Tests

Test Method	British/European Standard BS EN 1276:1997. Dilution-neutralisation
Test Procedures	Full details of all the test and control procedures used are given in the Test Method
Disinfectant	Gama Health Care Ltd biocide Batch number: N/A Date of delivery: June 2006 Storage conditions: 20°C – 25°C Active substances: not specified Appearance product dilutions: colourless, clear product solution.
Interfering Substance (Organic Challenge)	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Simulated clean conditions: 0.3 g l⁻¹ bovine albumin (final concentration)2. Simulated dirty conditions: 3.0 g l⁻¹ bovine albumin (final concentration)
Temperature	Ambient (25°C)
Contact Time Tested	5 (± 10 s) minute.
Test Organisms	<i>Vibrio cholerae</i> NCTC 11348
Culture Medium	Tryptone Soya Agar, Lab M
Incubation	Plates were incubated at 37 °C for 48-60 h
Diluent	MRD, Lab M
Neutraliser	Neutraliser, containing 60g/l Tween 80, 60g/l Saponin, 2g/l L-histidine, 2g/l L-cysteine in MRD.

General Method

A standard suspension of test organisms containing $1.5 - 5.0 \times 10^8$ cells ml^{-1} of bacteria was prepared. 1 ml of interfering substance was pipetted into a Universal bottle, followed by 1 ml of test organism suspension. The mixture was mixed and left for 2 minutes. After 2 minutes 8 ml of the Gama Health Care Ltd biocide was added. After a contact time of 5 minutes, a 1 ml sample of the reaction mixture was pipetted into 9 ml of neutraliser and left for 5 minutes. A 1 ml sample was then pipetted into 2 Petri dishes and mixed with 15 ml of culture medium tempered at 47°C . After setting, the Petri dishes were incubated at 37°C . Colony forming units were counted after 2-3 days incubation and the fraction of surviving organisms calculated.

Requirements of this standard

The product, when tested as stipulated under simulated clean conditions (0.3 g l^{-1} bovine albumin) or dirty conditions (3 g l^{-1} bovine albumin) under the test conditions of ambient temperature (23 to 25°C), 5 minute contact, for *Vibrio cholerae* NCTC 11348, shall demonstrate at least a $5 \log_{10}$ reduction in viable counts.

Results¹

Results from the test are summarised in Tables 1 and 2, a full set of results can be found in Table 3.

Test Conditions	Contact Time (minutes)	Log ₁₀ Reduction Achieved
0.3 g l^{-1} (clean)	5	$>5^1$
3.0 g l^{-1} (dirty)	5	$>5^1$

Table 1. Log₁₀ reductions in *V. cholerae* viable counts following a 5 minute exposure to the test material.

Referenced Organism	Starting concentration CFU ml^{-1}	Final concentration CFU ml^{-1} clean 0.3 g l^{-1} Bovine Albumin	Final concentration CFU ml^{-1} dirty 3.0 g l^{-1} Bovine Albumin
<i>Vibrio cholerae</i> NCTC 11348	3.1×10^8 (273,293 ¹ , 67, 55 ²)	Plate count 0, 0. (Actual $6 \log_{10}$ reduction)	Plate count 0, 0. (Actual $6 \log_{10}$ reduction)
CFU = colony forming units ¹ viable count of bacterial colonies, 1 ml sample of 10^{-6} bacterial suspension ² viable count of bacterial colonies, 1 ml sample of 10^{-7} bacterial suspension			

Table 2. Reductions in *V. cholerae* viable counts following a 5 minute exposure to the test material.

¹ See Table of results in Appendix 1.

Interpretation of the Results

When tested against *Vibrio cholerae* NCTC 11348 with a 5 minute contact time a full strength Gama Health Care Ltd biocide met the requirements of the Standard under simulated clean and dirty conditions. The N_v (Appendix 1) value is slightly higher than that specified in the Standard but not sufficiently to effect the validity of the results.

Conclusion

According to EN 1276:1997, the batch provided of Gama Health Care biocide possesses bactericidal activity in 5 minutes at ambient temperature (23-25°C) under clean conditions (0.3g/l bovine albumin) and dirty conditions (3g/l bovine albumin) for referenced strain *Vibrio cholerae* NCTC 11348.

Signed:



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Appendix 1

Test Organism	VALIDATIONS										Bacterial Test Suspension			Test Procedure Results											
	Bacterial Suspension	Experimental Conditions Validation				Neutraliser Toxicity Control		Dilution Neutralisation Control						Clean		Dirty									
			Clean		Dirty				Clean		Dirty														
<i>V. Cholerae</i> NCTC 11348		Vc	293	290	291	281	Vc	302	286	Vc	259	282	253	294	10-6	273	293	Vc <	15	15	<	15	15		
	Nv	3.1E+03	A	2.9E+02		B	2.9E+02		C	2.7E+02		2.7E+02		10-7	55	67	N	3.1E+08			Na <	1.5E+02		<	1.5E+02
		Verification of Methodology				Passed		Log10 Reductions/cfu/ml										Plate	0	0		0	0		
		N is between 1.5E+8 cfu/ml and 5E+8 cfu/ml, N = 3.1E+08						Clean 5.62										Counts							
		Nv is between 6E+2 cfu/ml and 3E+3 cfu/ml, Nv = 3.1E+03						Dirty 5.62																	
		CLEAN A ≥ 0.05 x Nv when 0.05 x Nv = 1.6E+02				Yes																			
		DIRTY A ≥ 0.05 x Nv when 0.05 x Nv = 1.6E+02				Yes																			
		B ≥ 0.05 x Nv when 0.05 x Nv = 1.6E+02				Yes																			
		CLEAN C ≥ 0.5 x B when 0.5 x B = 1.5E+02				Yes																			
		DIRTY C ≥ 0.5 x B when 0.5 x B = 1.5E+02				Yes																			

Table 3. Testing of *Vibrio cholerae* NCTC 11348 the Gama Health Care Ltd biocide using BS EN 1276:1997.